Plants recently received, not yet available for distribution.

ANEMONE spp. (Ranunculaceae), 58393, 58359. From Yunnan, China. Seeds collected by J. F. Rock, Collaborator of the Bureau of Plant Industry. Quoted notes by Mr. Rock.

58393. ANEMONE DEMISSA. "(Saba. September, 1923.) A lovely alpine plant common in limestone soil on all of the mountain meadows of the Likiang Snow Range at altitudes of 11,000 to 13,000 feet and higher. The leaves are in basal rosettes, and the large white flowers are in many-flowered umbels."

58359. ANEMONE sp. "(October 8, 1923.) A plant about 3 feet high, which grows in moist alpine meadows at the edge of fir forests on the Litiping-Yangtze-Mekong Watershed at an altitude of about 11,000 feet. The large, dark-green, glossy leaves form globose cushions, and the umbels of white flowers are on stalks 3 feet or more in length."

CEPHALOTAXUS sp. (Taxaceae), 58360. From Yunnan, China. Seeds collected by J. F. Rock, Collaborator of the Bureau of Plant Industry. "(No. 10891. October 7, 1923.) A small coniferous tree, 20 to 25 feet tall, growing in dense clumps above Lutien on the eastern slopes of the Yangtze-Mekong Watershed at an altitude of 9,600 feet. The rather long, broad needles are bluish green, and the maroon-colored fleshy fruits, the size of small plums, contain almond-shaped, thin-shelled stones." (Rock.)

CUCUMIS sp. (Cucurbitaceae), 58406. From Manila, Philippine Islands. Seeds presented by P. J. Wester, Bureau of Agriculture. "'Kondol-nak.' I collected these seeds on a recent trip to Tanjay, Island of Negros. The fruits are like miniature watermelons in shape and color, averaging 5 cm. (2 inches) in length. The flesh is edible, though of little value, but the plant might be serviceable for plant breeders who are working to get wilt-resistant cucumbers and watermelons. The fruits remain in good condition on the vines for some weeks, and so may be of ornamental value in Florida." (Wester.)

EUCALYPTUS DELEGATENSIS (Myrtaceae), 58127. From Hobart, Tasmania. Seeds presented by L. A. Evans, Secretary of Agriculture, Agricultural and Stock Department.

This tree, originally described by Hooker under the name of Eucalyptus gigantea, was renamed by R. T. Baker in 1900. L. Rodway, in his paper on Tasmanian Eucalypts (Royal Society of Tasmania, Papers and Proceedings, 1917) remarks that it assumes large dimensions. It is described as erect, the branches usually short and ascending, the bark thin-fibrous, and the foliage very similar to that of $E.\ obliqua$.